

ADOLESCENT LITERACY TIPS FOR SCREENING & ASSESSMENT

SCREENING

Screeners are short assessments given at the beginning of the school year that are used to identify students at-risk and better plan and focus intervention.

General screening for all students

Can be previous state testing or beginning of year Curriculum-Based Measures

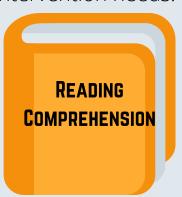
Targeted screening for students at-risk

Assess students in the following areas to determine specific intervention needs:









FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS

Formative assessments are given throughout the year and are used to help teachers and school leaders make necessary adjustments to instruction.

Formative assessments include Benchmarks or Classroom-Based Assessments (CBA).

Key Characteristics of CBA

- 1. Use **frequent** assessments.
- 2. Includes a **variety** of forms.



Examples may include **daily** quizzes, concept checks, discussions, tests, & student self-reflection journals.

- 3. **Targets** should be **clear** & **well-defined.**
- 4. Student performance will suggest next steps.



Targets should be aligned with grade-level standards with clear expectations. Check for student understanding & adjust instructional focus as needed.

5. Follow with **feedback** & **instructional adjustment.**

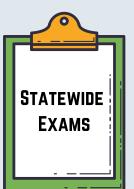


6. Provide opportunities for **self**- and **peer-assessment.**

Descriptive feedback to encourage improved performance. Students **evaluate** their own & other's work to promote **reflection** & **discussion** of **understanding** & **performance**.

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT

Year-end summative tests are typically given to determine whether students can meet grade-level literacy standards.









End of year summative testing can be a tool for next year screening.

Additional Resources

Cauley, K. M., & McMillan, J. H. (2010). Formative assessment techniques to support student motivation and achievement. The Clearing House: A Journal of Educational Strategies, Issues and Ideas, 83(1), 1-6. Heritage, M. (2007). Formative assessment: What do teachers need to know and do?. Phi Delta Kappan, 89(2), 140-145. Pinchok, N., & Brandt, W. C. (2009). Connecting formative assessment research to practice: An introductory guide for educators. Learning Point Associates.

Torgesen, J. K., & Miller, D. H. (2009). Assessments to guide adolescent literacy instruction. RMC Research Corporation, Center on Instruction.